| Results Framework Doc | ument |
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| for Coastal Aquaculture Au | thority |
| \mathbf{C} | hennai |
| [RFD | - CAA] |
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| | [2012 -2013] |
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| [Ministry of Agriculture, Dept. of Animal Husbandry, Shastri Bhavan Annexe, Haddows Road, Cher | |



R F D Results Framework Document

Coastal Aquaculture Authority

Chennai

(2012 – 2013)

Section 1:

Vision, Mission, Objectives and Functions

Vision

Sustainable coastal aquaculture development by effective regulation.

Mission

To achieve sustainable coastal aquaculture development by implementing the regulatory measures contained in the Coastal Aquaculture Authority Act, Rules, Guidelines and Regulations, in association with representative coastal State Governments, other nodal organizations and stakeholders.

Objectives

The objective of the Authority is to regulate 'coastal aquaculture' activities in the areas notified by the Central Government as 'coastal areas' and for matters connected therewith. Coastal aquaculture means culturing, under controlled conditions in ponds, pens, enclosures or otherwise, in coastal areas, of shrimp, prawn, fish or any other aquatic life in saline or brackish water.

Functions

- To make regulations for the construction and operation of aquaculture farms in coastal areas, inspection of farms to ascertain their environmental impact, registration of aquaculture farms, removal or demolition of coastal aquaculture farms which cause pollution, fixing standards for all coastal aquaculture inputs, viz., seed, feed, growth supplements, chemicals, etc. used in coastal aquaculture.
- To ensure that the agricultural lands, salt pan lands, mangroves, wet lands, forest lands, land for village common purposes and the land meant for public purposes and national parks and sanctuaries are not converted as aquaculture farms in order to protect the livelihood of coastal community living in costal areas;
- To survey the entire coastal area and advise the Central Government and the State/UT Governments for formulating suitable strategies for achieving eco-friendly development;
- To advise and extend support to the State/UT Governments for constructing common infrastructure line, common water in-take, discharge canals and common effluent treatment systems;
- To carryout or sponsor investigations and studies/ schemes relating to environment protection and demonstration of eco-friendly technologies;
- To collect and disseminate the data and other scientific and socio-economic information related to coastal aquaculture;

- To give publicity and train personnel regarding sustainable utilization and fair and equitable sharing of the coastal resources;
- To direct the owners of the farm to carry out modifications to minimize the impacts on coastal environment;
- To order seasonal closure for ensuring sustainability; or in the interest of maintaining environmental sustainability and protection of livelihoods in the interest of coastal environment;
- To cancel the registration where any person has obtained registration by furnishing false information or contravened any of the provisions of these rules or of the conditions mentioned in the certificate of registration;
- To deal with any issue pertaining to coastal aquaculture including those which may be referred to by the Central Government.
- To make suitable recommendations to the Government for amending the guidelines from time to time.
- To regulate the import of broodstock, quarantining, bio-secured seed production in hatcheries and bio-secured farming of SPF *Litopenaeus* vannamei in India.

Section 2: Inter se Priorities among Key Objectives, Success indicators and Targets

| Column 1 | Column 2 | Column 3 | | | Column 5 | | C | Column 6 | | |
|---|----------|---|---|--|----------|---------------|------|------------|---------|------|
| Objective | Weight | Actions | Success | Unit | Weight | | | eria value | 2012-13 | |
| | | | indicators | | | Excellent | Very | Good | Fair | Poor |
| | | | | | | 1000/ | good | 000/ | 700/ | (00/ |
| The main objective of the Authority is to regulate Coastal aquaculture activities in the Coastal areas in order to ensure sustainable development without couring demons to | 100% | | | | | 100% | 90% | 80% | 70% | 60% |
| without causing damage to the coastal environment. | | | | | | | | | | |
| Functions: 1. Registration of farms | | Registration of coastal aquaculture farms on the | Registration of farms | Number of certificates | 40% | 3000 farms | 2700 | 2400 | 2100 | 1800 |
| | | basis of the recommendations by District and State level Committees after inspecting the farms. | Of Identis | issued | | ru ms | | | | |
| 2. Approvals for <i>L.vannamei</i> culture | | Inspection of farms by team authorized by Coastal Aquaculture Authority and approved by CAA | Approvals for L.vannamei culture | Water spread area (in hectares) approved Level of production (in tonnes) | 30% | 2000 ha | 1800 | 16000 | 1400 | 1200 |

Section 2:
Inter se Priorities among Key Objectives, Success indicators and Targets

| Column 1 | Column 2 | Column 3 | Colui | mn 4 | Column 5 | | C | Column 6 | | |
|--|----------|--|--|---|----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Objective | Weight | Actions | Success | Unit | Weight | | | eria value | 2012-13 | |
| | | | indicators | | | Excellent | Very good | Good | Fair | Poor |
| | | | | | | 100% | 90% | 80% | 70% | 60% |
| 3. Approvals for L.vannamei Hatcheries/ permission to import broodstock | | Inspection of hatcheries by team authorized by Coastal Aquaculture Authority and approved by CAA | Approvals for L.vannamei hatcheries and permission to import brood stock etc. of SPF L.vannamei on the basis of annual requirement | Number of hatcheries with level of seed production (in billions) | 15% | 90 hatcheries with 8 Billion seeds | 81 hatch eries 7.2 b seeds | hatcher ies 6.4 b seeds | 63 hatch eries 5.6 b seeds | 54 hatcher ies 4.8 b Seeds |
| 4. Conducting Awareness programs | | By officers of Coastal Aquaculture Authority with State Representatives | Conducting Awareness programs | Number of programs | 5% | 6 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 3 |
| 5. Inspection & Monitoring of farms and hatcheries | | By officers of Coastal Aquaculture Authority with State Representatives | Inspection & Monitoring of farms and hatcheries | Number of visits | 10% | 300 farms & 100 hatcheries | 270 farms & 90 hatch eries | 240 farms & 80 hatcher ies | 210 farms & 70 hatch eries | 180 farms & 60 hatcher ies |

Section 3: Trend Value for Success Indicators

| Objective | Actions | Success indicators | Unit | Actual value for the FY 2009-10 | Actual value for the FY 2010-11 | Actual value for the FY 2011-12 | Target value for the FY 2012-13 | Projected value for the FY 2013-14 | Projected value for the FY 2014-15 |
|--|--|--|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---|---|
| The main objective of the Authority is to regulate Coastal aquaculture activities in the Coastal areas in order to ensure sustainable development without causing damage to the coastal environment. Functions: | | | | | | | | | |
| 1. Registration of farms | Registration of coastal aquaculture farms on the basis of the recommendations by District and State level Committees after inspecting the farms. | Number of farms registered | Number of certificates issued | 6485 | 2857 | 1236 | 3000 | 3000 | 3000 |
| Approvals for L.vannamei culture | Inspection of farms by team authorized by Coastal Aquaculture Authority and approval by the CAA | Number of approvals issued for <i>L.vannamei</i> culture | Water spread area (in hectares) | 1112.08 | 2464 | 3969 | 6000 | 8000 | 10000 |
| | | | Level of production (in tonnes) | 1764.04 | 18247 | 80717 | 100000 | 120000 | 140000 |

Section 3:
Trend Value for Success Indicators

| | Objective | Actions | Success indicators | Unit | Actual value for the FY 2009-10 | Actual value for the FY 2010-11 | Actual value for the FY 2011-12 | Target value for the FY 2012-13 | Projected value for the FY 2013-14 | Projected value for the FY 2014-15 |
|----|--|---|---|--|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|---|
| 3. | Approvals for L.vannamei Hatcheries/ permission to import broodstock | Inspection of hatcheries by team authorized by Coastal Aquaculture Authority and approvals by CAA | Approvals for L.vannamei Hatcheries and permission to import brood stock of SPF L.vannamei on the basis of annual requirement | Number of hatcheries Level of seed production | 321.35 million | 1329 million | 74 2465 million | 90 8 billion | 9 billion | 110 |
| 4. | Conducting Awareness programs | By officers of Coastal Aquaculture Authority with State Representatives/ CIBA / NFDB | Conducting Awareness programs | Number of programs | 10 | 5 | 9 | 6 | 10 | 10 |
| 5. | Inspection & Monitoring of farms and hatcheries | By officers of Coastal Aquaculture Authority with State Representatives | Inspection & Monitoring of farms and hatcheries | Number of farms No. of visits to hatcheries | 149 61 | 25357 | 194 178 | 300 100 | 300 150 | 300 150 |

Section 4:

Description and Definition of Success Indicators And Proposed Measurement Methodology

The Coastal Aquaculture Authority has been set up under an Act of Parliament for regulating the activities connected with coastal aquaculture in coastal areas as defined in the Act. The Act mandates the Central Government to take all such measures as it deems necessary or expedient for regulation of coastal aquaculture by prescribing guidelines to ensure that the coastal aquaculture does not cause any detriment to the coastal environment and the concept of responsible coastal aquaculture shall be followed in regulating coastal aquaculture activities to protect the livelihood of various sections of the people living in coastal areas. Towards achieving the above objectives, the following regulatory functions are performed.

| Sl.No. | Success Indicator | Descriptions / Definitions |
|--------|---|---|
| 1. | Registration of shrimp farms – Number of Registration | Applications received from DLCs and SLCs set up in the coastal States are processed and those in order are approved by CAA and Registration Certificates are issued. |
| 2. | Grant of Permission for culture of SPF <i>L.vannamei</i> in bio-secured farms – Number of farms and area | Applications received are processed; farms are inspected for verification of bio-security facilities; those recommended by the Inspection Team are approved by CAA and Letter of Permission (LoP) issued. |

| 3. | Grant of Permission for production of SPF <i>L.vannamei</i> seeds in bio-secured hatcheries – Number of hatcheries approved | Applications received are processed; hatcheries are inspected for verification of bio-security facilities; those recommended by the Inspection Team are approved by CAA and Letter of Permission (LoP) issued. |
|----|--|--|
| 4. | Grant of Permission for import of broodstock of SPF <i>L.vannamei</i> - Number of broodstock approved | Applications received are processed; Annual requirement of broodstock permitted by Technical Committee based on capacity of the hatchery; Approvals issued by CAA. |
| 5. | Production of SPF L.vannamei – Quantity of L.vannamei produced | Estimates derived from quarterly reports received from farmers in Form No.V and estimates made by MPEDA. |

Section 5:

Specific Performance Requirements from other Departments

Registration of coastal aquaculture farms is a major activity towards regulation of the activities in the coastal area. Expansion of the area for coastal aquaculture would help in increased production. District Level Committees and State Level Committees set up in the coastal States are directly involved in this process viz., receipt of application, verification of facts, inspection, convening of the meetings of DLC and SLC to recommend the applications for registration by CAA, which is done at the meetings of the Authority. The level of success depends upon the pace at which the DLCs/SLCs act.

Another area where involvement of other Department is involved is the Aquatic Quarantine Facility (AQF), which at present is handled by Rajiv Gandhi Centre for Aquaculture (RGCA) under The Marine Products Export and Development Authority (MPEDA) in the Ministry of Commerce. The AQF helps in screening for OIE listed pathogens to ensure that the broodstock imported does not bring in any exotic varieties of disease.

During 2011-12, a total of 74 hatcheries were permitted by CAA to import SPF *L.vanname* broodstock, numbering 48,720 pairs to produce the required seed for sale to farms. Against this, only 18,980 pairs alone could be imported limiting the seed production to 2465.06 million Post Larva, mainly on account of the limited capacity of the Aquatic Quarantine as the imported stock has to pass through for quarantining, which is mandatory.

Section 6: Outcomes/Impact of activities of Coastal Aquaculture Authority

| Sl. No. | Outcome/ impact of activities | Jointly responsible for influencing this outcome / impact with the following Departments / Ministries | Success indicators | FY 2009-10 | FY 2010-11 | FY 2011-12 | Target for the FY 2012-13 | Projected for the FY 2013-14 | Projected for the FY 2014-15 |
|------------|---|---|---|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1. | Registration of farms | District Level Committees and State Level Committees of coastal States and Union Territories | Number of farms legally permitted for coastal aquaculture | 6485 | 2857 | 1236 | 3000 | 3000 | 3000 |
| 2. | Approvals for L.vannamei culture | Inspection Committee is headed by CAA with representatives from NFDB, MEDA and Fisheries Departments of States. | With increase in area under <i>L.vannamei</i> culture, shrimp production has increased. | 1764.04 tonnes | 18247 tonnes | 80717 tonnes | 100000 tonnes | 120000 tonnes | 140000 tonnes |
| 3. | Approvals for L.vannamei Hatcheries/ permission to import broodstock | Inspection Committee is headed by CAA with representatives from NFDB, MEDA and Fisheries Departments of States. | Increased number of hatcheries helps in increase in seed production for supply to farmers | 321.35 million | 1329 million | 74 2465 million | 90 8 billion | 100 9 billion | 110 10 billion |